### Resident Care Plan

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#### Fixing Long-Term Care Act, 2021

Difference between

'Care Plan'

&

'Plan of Care'



#### Care Plan: Section 27 Reg.

- Begins prior to admission (admissions coordinator/nurse)
- Completed within 24 hours of admission.
- Must include:
  - Risks to themselves/others (i.e falls, behavioural triggers) and mitigating interventions
  - Type and level of assistance required relating to activities of daily living.
  - Customary routines and comfort requirements.
  - Drugs and treatments required.
  - Known health conditions, including allergies, and interventions.
  - Skin condition and interventions.
  - Diet orders, including food texture, fluid consistencies and food restrictions.



#### Additional requirements

- Must be documented
- Must be clear for direct care staff-too much content causes confusion
- Resident or their substitute decision-make (SDM), if any, and any other
  persons designated by the resident or SDM may provide input in
  reviews/revisions and are provided Direct care staff are kept up to date of
  the contents and have convenient and immediate access
- Upon resident reassessment, the care plan is reviewed and revised when;
  - Care needs change
  - Care in plan no longer necessary
  - Care in plan has not been effective



# Plan of Care: Section 28 & 29 Reg.

- Resident demographic information
- Interdisciplinary assessments (to be completed by14 days after admission)
- Initial plan of care to be completed by 21 days
- Goals care is intended to achieve
- Clear direction for staff
- Who was involved in the development (source of information)



# Additional requirements (based on assessments)

- All information included in initial 'care plan' AND;
- Customary routines.
- Cognition and communication abilities, including hearing, language and vision.
- Mood and behaviour patterns, including wandering and triggers, psychological well-being
- Continence, including bladder and bowel elimination.
- Seasonal risk relating to heat related illness, including protective measures required to prevent or mitigate heat related illness.
- · Dental and oral status, including oral hygiene.
- Nutritional & hydration status, including height, weight and any risks relating to nutritional care /hydration/nausea/vomiting
- Skin and foot condition
- Activity & sleep patterns and preferences
- Cultural, spiritual and religious preferences and age-related needs and preferences.
- Potential for discharge.



## Thank you

Questions?

